

(7) 風邪をひきかけているときは、だれかほかの人に犬を散歩させるように頼むほうがよい。

When you are (better / to walk / , / ask / had / someone else / down / you / a cold / with / coming) the dog. (北里大 改)

When you are coming down with a cold, you had better ask someone else to walk the dog.

* <come down with A> 「A(風邪など)にかかると」

(8) 保険ですべての損害が補償されると思いついてはいけません。(明治学院大)

Don't (all / assume / cover / damage / done / insurance / that / the / will / your).

Don't assume [that your insurance will cover all the damage done.]

「～とは思ってはいけません」

「～を～する」

「～(の)こと」

4 Choose the underlined section in each text below that is grammatically INCORRECT.

(各1点)

(1) Young children are not ① aware of the damage ② by candy ③ can do ④ to their teeth.

(立命館大)

* <be aware of>

→ [V] p.421

「前byのうしろは名詞のみ!」

「which[that] 関係代名詞」

(2) Becky's ① old job was ② very stressful, but she feels ③ comfortably at her ④ new one.

(立命館大)

feel + C(補語) 「～のように感じる」

comfortable(形)

= job.

(3) ① Most of the houses ② on the main street of the village ③ are old and pleasant ④ to look

at, ⑤ though perhaps rather inconvenient ⑥ to live. (日本女子大)

「～に」

「to live in」

→ [V] p.71

(4) I wonder ① if anyone ② can give me good ③ advices about ④ how to improve my English.

(南山大)

「advice」

不可算名詞 (P13.) 重箱読み

→ [V] p.289

(5) I visited Kyoto at the ① beginning of March, ② which it was still too cold ③ to say that

spring had ④ come. (武庫川女子大 改)

「When」

「too ~ to ...」 「～しすぎるので...できない」

(= and then/at that time)

「関係代名詞」 (非制限用法) → [V] p115